朝陽科技大學 097學年度第2學期教學大綱 Architectural Design(IV) 建築設計(四)

當期課號	7325	Course Number	7325
授課教師	劉克峰	Instructor	LIOU,KE FUNG
中文課名	建築設計(四)	Course Name	Architectural Design(IV)
開課單位	建築及都市設計研究所碩士班二A	Department	
修習別	必修	Required/Elective	Required
學分數	5	Credits	5
課程目標	地圖的閱讀不是平面,都市環境的狀態包含場所精神,建築實體等等各類背後的社會特徵。模型的製作也當然要能反映這些狀態。	Objectives	This subject considers the logical response to a range of foundation conditions, the global response of irregular buildings to vertical, lateral and torsional actions, consequences of adopting isostatic or hyperstatic systems, bending and shear stress distribution over element cross-sections, and composite materials and systems. This is supported by the use of computer modelling techniques as an interactive design tool. The subject also encompasses the study of low-rise domestic style multi-cell buildings, and analyses the design relationship that exists between various structural configurations, and the buildings fabric and materiality. Environmental constraints, site access and other technical issues that may impact on the performance of the built object are also illustrated in a series of case studies and related to the design process.
教材	德勒茲必須首先建構一個關於純粹之類首先建構一個關於純粹之類首先建構,而可以其一個關於純一個關於納一種,不可以有一個人工,所以其一個人工,可以有一個人工,可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以可以	Teaching Materials	Deleuze's peculiar readings of the history of philosophy stem from this unusual epistemological perspective. To read a philosopher is no longer to aim at finding a single, correct interpretation, but is instead to present a philosopher's attempt to grapple with the problematic nature of reality. "Philosophers introduce new concepts, they explain them, but they don't tell us, not completely anyway, the problems to which those concepts are a response. [] The history of philosophy, rather than repeating what a philosopher says, has to say what he must have taken for granted, what he didn't say but is nonetheless present in what he did say."
成績評量方式	期中:50% 期末:50% 每次交作品內容: 設計模型:30% 設計圖面:30% diagram:15% 計劃書:15% 都市環境模型:10%	Grading	midterm project:50% final project:50% include: design model:30% drawing:30% diagram:15% program:15% urban model:10%
教師網頁	- 1 NEum losis⇔T⊞=A		Europulação la a supulat de la constituidad de la c
	1.以Fuzzy logic爲理論 2.要打破either/or logic of Aristotle舊 的邏輯關係		Fuzzy logic is a way of doing science without math. It's a new branch of machine intelligence that tries to

3.chaos烏 教學內容	理論邏輯 Syllab	make computers think the way people think and not other way around. You don't write equations for how to wash clothes. Instead you load a chip with vague rule like ' if the wash water is dirty, add more soap,' and ' if very dirty, add a lot more.' All wash water is dirty and not dirty- to some degree. It's just commonsense. But it breaks the old either/or logic of Aristotle. That offends some scientists, who would like us to think and talk like off/on switches That's one reason we find chaos when look at things up close."
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